

RIMS Campus, Bariatu, RANCHI 834009

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Module 5: Introduction to the hospital Information System

Definition of Hospital Information system, Architecture of a HIS, aim and uses of HIS, types of HIS

Benefits of using a hospital information system.

Basics of Computer (Practical)

Module 1: Introduction to Microsoft Word

Type a text of document save the document. Align the text with different formats. Align the text with different formats using Microsoft Word. Inserting a table ensuring Proper alignment of the table using MS word.

Module 2: Microsoft Power Point

Preparing a slide show with transition, animation and sound effect using MS – Power point. Customizing the slide show by inserting pictures and tables in the slides using MS – Power Point.

Module 3: Introduction to the Internet

Create an e - mail account. Use the internet to search for a subject of interest.

Theory Paper II (100 Marks)

Part A (50 marks)

Diploma in Ophthalmic Assistant

- 1. Ocular anatomy
 - (i)Development of the eye
 - (ii) Orbit and its immediate relation
 - (iii) To ocular adnexa
 - (a)Eyelids
 - (b)Lacrimal apparatus
 - (iv)Conjunctiva, cornea and sclera
 - (v) Lris and ciliary body
 - (vi) Lenses and vitreous
 - (vii) Retina and choroid
 - (ix) Cranial nerve and higher centre
 - (x) Autonomic nervous system sympathetic and para sympathetic supply to the eye
 - (xi) Visual pathway
 - (xii) Vascular supply of eye
- 2. Ocular physiology:
 - (i)Physiology of vision including colour vision
 - (ii) Ocular movements and binocular vision
 - (iii) Accomodation and Convergence
 - (iv) Formation and circulation of aqueous and lacrimal fluid
- 3. Ocular Biochemistry
 - (i) Introduction of various biochemical tests
 - (ii) Sampling and collection of blood



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- (iii) Tear film and Ph
- (iv) Biochemical test including blood sugar estimation
- 4. Ocular Pathology
 - (i)Haematology
 - (a)Blood collection techniques
 - (b) Hemoglobin estimation
 - (c) Preparing and standing slides for total and differential leucocyte Count
 - (d) Bleeding time and clotting time
 - (ii) Urine examinations
 - (a)Urine collection method
 - (b) Physical and chemical examinations specific for albumin and Sugar
 - (c) Collection and preserving tissue for histopathological examination
- 5. Ocular Microbiology
 - (i) Introduction to various organisms responsible for ocular diseases (Bacteria Viruses and Fungi)
 - (ii)Techniques for conjunctival smears, cultures, scrapping and staining (Kveim's and KOH)
 - (iii) Routes of infections and its preventions
 - (iv) Cross infections
 - (v) Antisepis
- 6. Ocular pharmacology and pharmacy
 - (i)Routes of drug administration and pharmacy
 - (ii) Miotics, Mydriatics and Cycloplegic drugs
 - (iii) Antibacterial drug and therapy
 - (iv) Antiviral drug and therapy
 - (v) Antifungal drug and therapy
 - (vi) Antiinflammatory drug and therapy
 - (vii) Antiglaucoma drug and therapy
 - (viii) Ophthlamic dyes
 - (ix) Drugs for ocular anaesthesia and akinesia
 - (x) Ocular lubricants
 - (xi) Ocular irrigating solutions
 - (xii) Osular antiseptic and disinfection
 - (xiii) Prepration and dispensing of various ophthalmic durg
 - (xiv) Various actions and side effects of common ophthalmic drugs
 - (xv) Contact lens solution



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- 7. Vision testing
- (i) Various components of vision
- (ii) Principle and method for testing of visual acuity
- (iii) Test of colour vision
- (iv) Test for visual field
- 8. Physical of Physiological optics
 - (i)Principles of refraction
 - (ii) Shapes of lens-convex, concave
 - (iii) Emmetropic and ammetropic-etiology, population, distribution, growth of the eye
 - (iv) Myopia
 - (vi) Hypermetropia
 - (vii) Astigmatism
 - (viii) Aphakia/pseudophakia
 - (ix) Keratoucouns
 - (x) Post-operative refractive errors
 - (xi) Refraction of irregular reflex
 - (xii) Accomodation and convergence
 - (xii) Retinoscopy principle and methods
 - (xiii) Objective refraction
 - (xiv) Objective refraction
 - (xv) Subjective refraction
 - (xvi) Cross cylinder
 - (xvii) Transposition of lenses
 - (xviii) Low vision aids

Part B (50 Marks)

1. . COMMON EYE DISEASES

- (i) Lid and lachrymal apparatus
- (ii) Conjunctiva diseases including trachoma
- (iii) Cormeal disease especially corneal ulcer
- (iv) Diseases of Iris, Ciliary body and choroid
- (v) Catatact- (a) investigation and diagnosis
 - (b) Role of OA for referral of patients for cataract surgery
- (vi) Glaucoma
 - (a) Recognition and diagnosis
 - (b)Tonometry



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(c)Role of OA for early detection and follow up of glaucoma patients

- (vii) Squint
 - (a) Nomenclature, classification and measurement
 - (b) Cover test, Maddox rod, Maddox wing and Diplopia charting
 - (c) Use of synoptophore and execises
 - (d) Amblyopia with special emphasis and prevention
 - (e) Assessment of binocular vision
- 2. Systemic diseases affecting eye especially diabetes and hypertension
- 3. Ocular emergency
- 4.OPTHALMIC INSTRUMENTS AND APPLIANCES
 - (i)Trial set
 - (ii) Retinoscope
 - (ii) Indirect ophthalmoscope
 - (iv) Direct ophthalmoscope
 - (v) Slit lamp
 - (vi) Photoslit lamp
 - (vii) Lensometer, lens gauge
 - (viii)Tonometer
 - (ix) Fundus camera
 - (x) External eye photography
 - (xi) Autorefractometer
 - (xii) Placido disc
 - (xiii) Keratometer
 - (xiv) A-Scan
 - (xv) Specular microscopy
 - (xvi) Exophthalmometer
 - (xvii) Perimeter Manual and automated
 - (xviii) Orthoptic instrument
 - (xix) Heidelberg retinotonography HRT II
 - (xx) Heidelberg Anclomoscope
 - (xxi) Pachymeter
 - (xxii) Contrast sensitivity test
 - (xxiii) Glare acuity test
 - (xxiv) Colour vision test
 - (xxv) Dark adaptometer
 - (xxvi Low vision aids Techniques and microscopes



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8. INVESTIGATION IN OPHTHALMOLOGY

- (i)Ultrasonography
- (ii) Tonography
- (iii) Flurescein angiography
- (iv) Syringing and lacrimal function test
- (v) Dark adaptometry
- (vi) Gonioscopy
- (vii) Pachymetery
- (viii) Perimetry
- (ix) Laser therapy
- (x) Contrast sensitivity
- (xi) Slit lamp
- (xii) Specular microscopy
- (xiii) Funds photography
- (xiv) Colour vision investigations Ishihara charts

100-Hue test

- (xv) A-Scan biometry
- (xvi) Non-contact tonometer
- (xvii) Heidelberg retinoscopy HRT II
- (xviii) OCT

9. EYE BANKING

- (i) Function of Eye bank
- (ii) Publicity
- (iii) How to donate your eyes
- (iv) Collection of eyes
- (v) Preservation of eyes
- (vi) Transportation of eyes
- (vii) Preoperative instructions
- (viii) Post operative instructions
- (ix) Latest techniques for preservation of donor cornea

10. COMMUNITY OPHTHAMOLOGY

- (i) Eye screening programme and survey
- (ii) School eye screening programme



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- (iii) Epidemiology of blindness
- (iv) Survey methodology
- (v) Organization of eye camp
- (vi) Information, education, communication
- (vii) Rehabilitation of visually handicapped and vocational training for blind
- (viii) National programme for control of blindness
- (ix) Vission 2020 The right to sight

11. MANAGEMENT OF EYE OT

- (i) Asepsis How to achieve
- (ii) Anaesthesic agents and where indicated
- (iii) OT sterilization procedures
- (iv) Sterilisation procedures of OT instrument
- (v) Maintenance of ophthalmic instruments and equipments
- (vi) Maintenance of orthoptics instrument and equipments
- (vii) Maintenance of surgical instruments

12. Ophthalmic Surgical Procedure:

- (i) Role of ophthalmic assistant in OT
- (ii) Preparing trolley for surgery of cataract, glaucoma, Lacrimal sac Pterygium, Chalazion, entropion ectropion, squint and others.
- (iii) Minor Surgical Procedures

10. Nursing care of Ophthalmic patients:

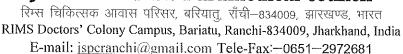
- (i) Preoperative preparation
- (ii) Ocular bandaging
- (iii)Bed making

PRATICAL: (100 MARKS) VIVA: (100 MARKS)



झारखण्ड राज्य पारामेडिकल परिषद

Jharkhand State Paramedical Council





(Constituted by the Department of Health, Medical Education & family Welfare, Government of Jharkhand vide Notification no-7(A)/Paramed.-11-09/09-356(7A)Ranchi, Dated 17.9.2010)

सभी डिप्लोमा पाठ्यक्रमों का Paper-I, Common रहेगा, जबकी विषयवार Paper-II का सिलेबस अलग—अलग रहेगा।